Title:

Dome Kit, Structure and Method

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## Related Application/Claim of Priority

[0001] This application is related to and claims priority from US provisional application Serial Number 60/409,415, filed Sept 10, 2002, which provisional application is incorporated by reference herein.

# **Background and Summary**

- [0002] Within the design build industry there have been attempts to construct an on site dome using carpenters and scaffold. The results have been marginal at best in achieving a uniform roof system such as a dome. While absorbing high labor costs and excessive waste of materials the outcome is often unpredictable both in the control of the craftsmanship and the conveyance of strength through the system. This kind of performance gives the Architect or designer a real challenge. How can he project his finishes when there is such little control of the materials?
- [0003] The solution is to use a Dome Kit of the type provided by the present invention. The kit has a uniform system of parts that when assembled into a dome shaped structural system, does provide a predictable cost and understandable resolve in dimensions, strength and options for aesthetic and code related concerns. In using the Dome Kit you can determine the response needed to handle loads and other reactive forces acting through the roof diaphragm. This is particularly useful to professional engineers in designing and constructing dome shaped structural systems, i.e. structural systems that are dome shaped, and designed to handle the types of loading to which building structures are subjected.
- [0004] The placement of a dome shaped structural system produced with a Dome Kit, according to the present invention, may be used as an integrated system within other roofing systems commonly associated with the residential and commercial building

industry. It can be used creatively in achieving a variety of interior environments and exterior elevations. The Dome Kit responds to the larger building industry as well as the home owner or do-it-yourself individual. The Dome Kit offers a predictable project cost and provides many other options.

- [0005] In the concrete monolithic type dome the routing of mechanical air supply ducting or electrical fixture distribution is not possible. The same goes for the plastic and glass domes. The concrete, plastic and glass domes have an absence of insulation quality and an inability to integrate easily into adjacent horizontal and vertical building assemblies. The Dome Kit allows options in each of these areas. The compression ring at the top of the dome kit also offers an opening for a skylight or a cupola.
- [0006] The Dome Kit was developed from the applicant's personal need to have such a product. As a designer and builder the applicant could not find such a product from the market that serves the building industry. Applicant also wanted to satisfy the following objectives;
- [0007] 1. Create a uniform building system for dome shaped structural systems.
- [0008] 2. Provide the Architect, the Builder and the Home Owner, a kit for building a dome shaped structural system that can be specified in the proposed building plans and be successfully incorporated into a building structure.
- [0009] 3. Provide options for mechanical, electrical and natural light systems within a dome type structure. A dome shaped structural system produced from the Dome Kit preferably includes ribs that are formed of wood and have spaces between adjacent ribs, so that mechanical, electrical and/or natural light systems can be located in those spaces, and, if desired, conveniently connected to the ribs.
- [0010] 4. To satisfy the 2000 International Residential Code with the ability for an R-38 insulation value that within the dome becomes contiguous and equal to the insulation value in the adjoining roof assembly.

- [0011] 5. To assign a predetermined strength to the individual components of the Dome Kit, whereby the options for varied elevations and diameters of dome shaped structural systems produced from the Dome Kit can be achieved easily.
- [0012] 6. To have options for achieving exterior finishes based on the project budget, project setting and overall aesthetic intent. This can be readily carried out knowing that a dome shaped structural system produced from the "Dome Kit" can be roofed with multiple choices in roofing systems.
- [0013] These and other features of the present invention will become further apparent from the following detailed description and the accompanying drawings.

### Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawings

- [0014] Figure 1A is a schematic, perspective illustration of a dome shaped structural system assembled from a "Dome Kit", according to the principles of the invention. The main elements are the compression ring, ribs and lower ring.
- [0015] Figure 1B is a schematic plan view of a dome shaped structural system, with a 16 rib layout showing again the compression ring, wood ribs and lower steel rings. The splice assembly is added so the reader is informed that the lower rings are manufactured in sections and are required to be constructed into a circular format. This drawing builds upon Fig.1A to show the uniform parts that are used to construct this dome shaped structural system.
- [0016] Figure 1C is a schematic, perspective view of a splice assembly, showing how the lower steel ring sections are joined. This enables the assembler to have reference for assembling the lower ring, which is the first step in the assembly of the dome shaped structural system. This drawing builds upon a typical location for the splice assembly shown in Fig.1B and offers detail of the parts to be used.
- [0017] Figure 2A is a schematic, partial, three dimensional view of the lower portion of the wood rib being placed into the lower steel rings and the upper rib fastening at the compression ring. The wood rib is expressed in a non scaled manner. Given the

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customers request for a specific diameter and height for a dome shaped structural system the final length and elevation for the rib can be determined.

- [0018] Figure 2B is a schematic, plan view of a compression ring showing the rib mounting flanges for connecting the ribs. This drawing builds on Fig.2A as it shows the uniformity of equal divisions between each rib-mounting flange. This also gives the reader visual information that he will have to accomplish all connections in order to assemble the dome shaped structural system. The compression ring is illustrated as it comes from the factory with mention of where the factory welds are taken.
- [0019] Figure 3A is a partial, schematic cross sectional view showing one of three views of how the lower portion of the wood rib seats and fastens into the steel angle. The 4" steel angle is factory welded into the lower steel ring. Factory weld locations are noted.
- [0020] Figure 3B is a partial schematic plan view and demonstrates the full bolt up for the lower portion of the wood rib. It builds upon Fig. 3A with a different view of the bolting. The familiarity of the two concentric lower steel rings and associated parts is important to study before beginning the rib installation process.
- [0021] Figure 3C is a schematic, partial cross section through the lower steel rings and the wood rib and builds upon Fig. 3A and Fig. 3B. The use of the steel backup plate with factory ready bolt holes is shown. The inner and outer steel rings that make up the lower steel rings are noted. The wood rib always measures 3" wide x 12" deep. The lower portion of the wood rib depth is notched to a net dimension of 11-1/4" to easily fit into the net inner dimension of the lower steel rings which is 11-1/2". The net outer dimension or width of the lower steel rings is 12".
- [0022] Figure 4A schematically illustrates several cross sections of dome shaped structural systems, to convey that the Dome Kit enables dome shaped structural systems to be made with different heights and diameters.
- [0023] Figure 4B shows a schematic cross section through a dome structure where the elevation is one half the diameter. As in Figure 4A the use of the ribs, compression rings

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and lower rings, in combination offers a consistent level of uniformity when subjecting the engineering to varied elevations and diameters.

[0024] At the end of the following detailed description there is a Parts List of the various parts that are illustrated in the Figures and referenced in the detailed description.

### Detailed Description of the Invention

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- [0025] The "Dome Kit" is a kit, preferably of wood and steel parts that are assembled to make a dome shaped structural system of the type shown in Fig. 1A. The Dome Kit can be designed to produce dome shaped structural systems in a variety of elevations and diameters (see e.g. Figs. 4A, 4B).
- All parts for forming a dome shaped structural system are preferably included in the kit. The kit also preferably includes text and drawings that provide a clear and concise method for assembly of the parts into the dome shaped structural system. The context for which the Dome Kit is used by others and the purpose behind this written explanation for assembly relates to the individual or individuals who will be assembling it. Whether or not the builder is directly involved in the assembly, the builder should be available for consultation as to where the assemblers set up. The builder who will be moving and placing the dome shaped structural system after it is fully assembled must be aware of the logistics involved and coordinate his efforts with those of the assemblers. The moving and placing of a fully assembled dome shaped structural system is not considered part of the Dome Kit use or assembly.
- Dome Kit are the compression ring 1, wood ribs 2 and the lower steel ring 3 (see e.g. Fig. 1A). The assembly begins with assembly of the lower steel ring 3. The lower steel ring 3 comprises inner 5 and outer 6 steel rings that are concentric to each other and is formed from two or more lower ring sections, each of which comprises an inner ring part and an outer ring part. The inner and outer ring parts are joined together by gussets 8 located at the ends of the ring sections, steel angles 15 and by gussets 7 located between the ends of the ring sections (see e.g. Figs. 1B, 1C, 3C). The steel

gussets 7, 8 and steel angles 15 are welded on both sides to the inner and outer ring parts (see e.g. welds 9) and all the welding is done at the factory. There is no welding required on site as the parts are being assembled to form the dome shaped structural system.

In Fig.1B a completely assembled dome shaped structural system is shown in plan view. To use this as an example the lower steel ring 3 is first assembled from the ring sections, by splicing ring sections together using splice assemblies 4 (Figs. 1B, 1C). In Fig.1B the lower steel ring 3 is constructed from four smaller ring sections, using the splice assembly 4 (The splice assembly 4 is shown in more detail in Fig 1C). The lower ring sections are to be placed flat on the ground or a concrete slab. The lower steel ring sections will have a factory mark at each end that will match the adjoining end of the next lower steel ring section in sequence. Correctly move the sections into a circle by matching the ends so that the adjoining gussets 8 at the ends of the adjacent ring sections look like Fig. 1C. Join the sections by using the splice assembly 4 comprised of two splice plates 11 and nuts, bolts and washers 12. Adjoining gussets 8 at the ends of the adjacent ring sections are not fastened directly to each other, but are connected with each other via the splice assemblies.

- [0029] Initially, all bolting at the splice assemblies 4 should be loose fitting to ensure alignment at all splice plates 11 prior to final tightening. Using the splice plate 11 insert the 5/8" bolts 12 so that the threaded portion of the bolt goes to the inside of the lower steel rings. With the lower ring sections assembled follow the next step.
- [0030] Study the figures 2A through 3C. Become familiar with the fitting of the wood rib 2 both at the lower steel ring 3 and at the rib-mounting flange 13 located at the outer perimeter of the compression ring 1. The Dome Kit is supplied with the same quantity of wood ribs 2 as there are 4" steel angles 15 at the lower steel ring 3 and the same quantity of rib mounting flanges 13 at the compression ring 1. All rib mounting flanges 13 are factory welded to the compression ring (see e.g. welds 9). The ribs 2 are preferably of a type having a structural strength that is suitable for the intended application. In many areas, type DF (Douglas Fir) woods will have such strength.

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- The assembler will need to position the compression ring 1 at the appropriate height in the exact center of the lower steel ring 3. Use an apparatus such as a pair of saw horses or a mounting block. The mounting apparatus, blocking and shims are not included in the Dome Kit. Place them on the ground, at the center of the lower steel ring 3. Adjust the apparatus to the desired height which will be the dome's elevation 18 or 19 (Figs. 4A, 4B) less 12 inches. The top of the compression ring 1 will be labeled. Place the compression ring 1 on the mounting apparatus. Be accurate as possible when situating the compression ring 1. Use the center point of the dome diameter 17 to align with the center point of the compression ring diameter. Once achieving this, the next step is to visually or by a mechanical device, align the rib mounting flanges 13 in the same plane as the 4" steel angles 15 located in the lower steel rings 3. This will ease the placement of the ribs 2 in the next step. It is helpful to study Fig 2A and 2B.
- [0032] To assemble the ribs 2 into the structure, begin by placing a first set of wood ribs 2 into the lower steel ring 3 (one set of ribs equals two ribs). The lower portion of wood rib depth is notched (Fig. 3C), so that the net dimension is 11-1/4" and will seat into the lower steel ring 3 that has net inside dimension in-between the inner 5 and outer 6 lower rings of 11-1/2". With a wood rib 2 in hand, place the lower portion of the wood rib 2 into the lower steel ring 3 at the location where you find a 4" steel angle 15. Be sure to place the rib 2 along side of the vertical side of the steel angle 15 and on top of the horizontal portion of the steel angle 15 (Fig. 3A). Gently swing the rib 2 in a hinging motion toward the rib mounting flanges 13 at the compression ring 1. Have a second person on the opposite side of the ring to stabilize the compression ring 1 while this action is taking place. The upper end of each wood rib has a slot 20 (Figs. 2A, 2B) that is configured to receive a rib-mounting flange 13. When a rib 2 is positioned on the steel angle 15, and swung toward the rib mounting flanges, the slot 20 in the rib will receive the rib-mounting flange 13 that is aligned with the steel angle 15. After positioning the wood rib 2 lower portion and the top portion in the foregoing manner, make sure the connection is flush at the metal parts receiving the wood rib.

- Use the 5/8" bolts, nuts, washers 12 and steel backup plates 14 and 16 provided in the Dome Kit to secure the rib to the rib mounting flange 13, thereby coupling the upper end of the rib with the compression ring 1. Boltholes 10 are provided factory ready at both ends of the wood rib 2, the 4" angle 15, the rib-mounting flange 13 and all of the steel backup plates 14 and 16. Loosely bolt the connections Figs. 3A, 3B. Place and secure the second rib of the set of ribs at the opposite location (i.e. along the same diameter but on the opposite side of the compression and lower rings) using the same method described above.
- One set of ribs equals two ribs. Three sets of ribs equals six total. Always position one rib across from the other when beginning the assembly. After positioning the first or the second set of ribs, depending on the accuracy first taken by the assemblers, it may be useful to adjust the support dimension below the compression ring 1 by adding or subtracting wood blocks or shims to obtain a reasonable height 18 for achieving the rib 2 placement.
- This will help level and secure the compression ring 1. Be sure of the alignment and the fitting on both axis's at this time. Now the bolting should be made snug at the compression ring 1 and lower steel ring 3 connections Figs. 3A, 3B. After placing three or four sets of wood ribs 2 the compression ring 1 becomes self-supporting. The sawhorses or mounting block can be removed to allow completion of the wood rib 2 installation. Using an adjustable or socket wrench the tightening of all connectors can be easily accomplished. The dome shaped structural system is now ready for the builders use.
- [0036] If the dome shaped structural system being assembled is similar to Fig.4B then a suggested mounting apparatus could be a metal scaffold with adjustable heights and the use of wood blocks and shims.
- [0037] It is believed the following additional comments will be useful to those in the art.

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- [0038] 1. In the 10 foot to 36 foot range of "dome kit" offering, the rib dimensions remain constant at 3 inches by 12 inches. They grow or shrink in curvature and length per each customer order.
- [0039] 2. The lower rings 3 remain the same. A ¼ inch by 3 inch flat stock steel is used for the inner and outer rings and the gussets. The amount of gusset locations used always equal the number of wood ribs. There is one gusset 7 in-between every rib destination at the lower steel ring, except where a splice assembly occurs. There will be two gussets 8 at each splice assembly (Fig. 1C).
- [0040] 3. The 4 inch steel angle 15 within the lower steel rings 3 does not change. One for each rib 2.
- [0041] 4. The compression ring 2 begins at a 36 inch outside diameter at the 10 foot dome kit and increases after the 16 foot diameter to a 5 foot outside diameter at the 36 foot diameter dome kit.
- [0042] 5. All steel angles, gussets, rib mounting flanges and the compression ring are factory welded. Factory welds are performed by certified welders to meet or exceed the ASTM standards as required.
- [0043] 6. The steel backup plates remain constant and do not change from the 10 foot to the 36 foot diameter dome kit.
- [0044] 7. As seen from Fig. 1A, in an assembled dome structure, there are spaces between adjacent wood ribs 2. The spaces enable mechanical, electrical and/or natural light systems to be located in those spaces, and, if desired, conveniently connected to the ribs.
- [0045] 8. While a preferred Dome Kit includes all hardware components required to assemble a dome shaped structural system, it is believed possible to practice the assembly process and produce a dome shaped structural system from a Dome Kit that includes some hardware components, and has specifications for the other hardware components that can be acquired separately by (or for) the assembler. Additionally, because

of the nature of the components that make up a Dome Kit, the components forming part of the Dome Kit may be included in a single package or container (or provided on a pallet with a shrink wrap cover), or may be packaged separately (or not packaged at all), but will be bundled or otherwise provided in a way that makes them all available to an assembler.

[0046]

Accordingly, as seen from the foregoing description, applicant has provided a new and useful dome kit that can be used to conveniently assemble a new and useful dome structure, by a new and useful method. With the foregoing description in mind, various ways to configure a dome kit, and to assemble a new and useful dome structure will become apparent to those in the art.

#### Parts List

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- 1. compression ring 1/4 inch plate steel x 10 inch height, factory rolled and welded
- 2. wood rib
- 3. lower steel ring, ¼ inch wide x 3 inches height, standard steel
- 4. splice assembly
- 5. inner lower ring
- 6. outer lower ring
- 7. steel gusset, ¼ inch x 3 inch height x 11 ½ inch length, factory welded to lower ring
- 8. adjoining gussets at ends of ring sections
- 9. factory welds
- 10. factory ready bolt holes
- 11. splice plate, ¼ inch x 3 inches x 14 inches, standard steel with factory ready bolt holes
- 12. 5/8 inch standard steel bolt, nut and washers
- 13. ¼ inch x 4 inch depth x 8 inch length standard steel rib mounting flange
- 14. ¼ inch x 3 inch depth x 8 inch length standard steel backup plate for bolting purposes
- 15. ¼ inch x 4 x 4 inch x 11 ½ inch length standard steel angle, see Figs 3A, 3B, 3C
- 16. ¼ inch x 2 inch x 10 inch length standard steel backup plate for bolting purposes
- 17. dome shaped structural system diameter, outside to outside of lower steel ring
- 18. dome shaped structural system elevation, from bottom of lower rings to continued arc at top center of compression ring
- 19. image of dome shaped structural system with elevation being one half the diameter
- 20. slot in rib